

Virginia Dove, Woodcock, Snipe, Rail, Gallinule, Moorhen, September Canada Goose, and September Teal



**2014–2015
Seasons and Bag Limits**



Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries
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Cover: Lee Walker

This publication is to be used as a supplement to Hunting and Trapping in Virginia, 2014-2015 Regulations and is for general use and contains information regarding programs, policies, regulations, rules, or fees of the Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries (VDGIF) current at the time of printing. Information may change after printing and any changes will supersede the information in this publication. VDGIF's programs, policies, regulations, rules, or fees can be found at www.dgif.virginia.gov. Specific laws are found in the Code of Virginia (<http://leg1.state.va.us/cgi-bin/legp504.exe?000+cod+TOC2901000>) or the Game Department Regulation Manual (<http://leg1state.va.us/000/reg/TOC04015.htm>). For answers to specific questions about hunting and fishing, contact the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries office nearest you or visit www.dgif.virginia.gov.

Caution: More restrictive regulations may apply to National Wildlife Refuges open to public hunting. For additional information on federal regulations, contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Office of Law Enforcement, 5721 South Laburnum Ave., Richmond, VA 23231; phone (804) 771-2883, 771-2280; FAX (804) 222-8421.

If you have questions or need assistance, contact the office nearest you.

Richmond Headquarters

4010 W. Broad St., P.O. Box 11104, Richmond, VA 23230-1104

(804) 367-1000; (804) 367-1278 TTY

Report Violations: 1-800-237-5712

Regional Offices

Region 1

3801 John Tyler Memorial Hwy.

Charles City, VA 23030

(804) 829-6580

Region 2

1132 Thomas Jefferson Road

Forest, VA 24551-9223

(434) 525-7522

Region 3

1796 Highway Sixteen

Marion, VA 24354

(276) 783-4860

Region 4

P.O. Box 996, 517 Lee Highway

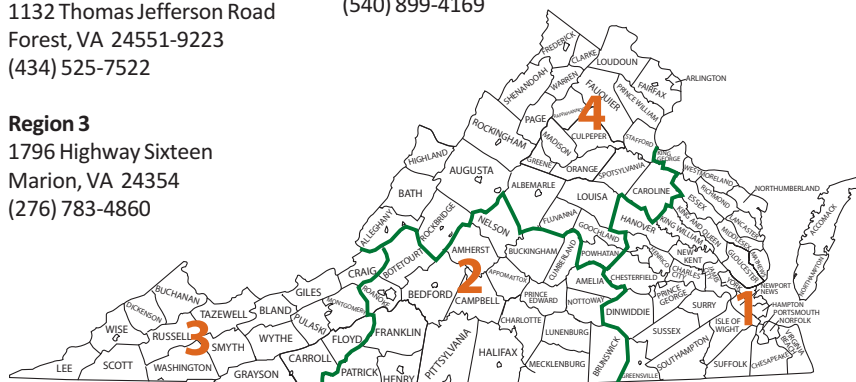
Verona, VA 24482

(540) 248-9360

1320 Belman Road

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(540) 899-4169



Virginia's Wildlife Restoration Program and You

Hunters and trappers create many opportunities for Virginians to enjoy exceptional hunting, trapping, and wildlife watching. Through the Federal Assistance in Wildlife Restoration program, you help the Virginia Department of Game and Inland Fisheries make wildlife-oriented outdoor recreation even better each time you buy a firearm, ammunition, or a hunting or trapping license.

When you buy hunting-related equipment, a portion of the excise tax levied on the manufacturer goes to the Federal Assistance in Wildlife & Sport Fish Restoration program. Virginia currently receives nearly \$14 million each year from this program, which funds a large portion of the Department's habitat management and wildlife population research projects.

What's New for 2014-2015

Dove Season

- The Dove season has been increased from 70 to 90 days in length. See page 11 for season dates.

Sunday Hunting

- Sunday hunting for migratory game birds including doves, woodcock, rails, snipe, gallinule and moorhen, is now legal on property where written permission has been obtained from the landowner.
- In addition, Sunday hunting for waterfowl is now legal throughout Virginia (except within 200 yards of a place of worship), including Wildlife Management Areas, unless otherwise restricted. See the wildlife management area section of the department's website for specific waterfowl seasons or restrictions (www.dgif.virginia.gov/wmas/).

Stationary Blind Licenses

- The dates for riparian owners to purchase stationary blind licenses have changed. See page 19.

General Information

Non-toxic Shot

Non-toxic shot approved by the Department [steel, bismuth-tin, Iron-tungsten, Iron-tungsten-nickel (HEVISHOT), copper-clad iron, tungsten-bronze, tungsten-iron-copper-nickel, tungsten matrix, tungsten-polymer, tungsten-tin-iron, tungsten-tin-bismuth, tungsten-tin-iron-nickel, and tungsten-iron-polymer] is required for hunting all waterfowl, mergansers, coots, moorhens, gallinules, snipe, and rails. Lead shot is **not allowed** for hunting these species and **cannot be in possession** in the field while hunting these species. Shot size should be no larger than "T".

Blaze Orange Requirement

When hunting any species during the firearms deer seasons and youth deer day, every hunter (*see exceptions below*) or person accompanying a hunter shall wear a blaze orange hat or blaze orange upper body clothing that is visible from 360 degrees or display at least 100 square inches of solid blaze orange material at shoulder level within body reach and visible from 360 degrees. Hats may have a bill or brim color or design other than solid blaze orange. Hats shall not be in "camo" style, since the latter is designed to prevent visibility. A logo which does not detract from visibility may be worn on a blaze orange hat.

During the muzzleloader seasons for hunting deer with a muzzleloading rifle only, every muzzleloader deer hunter and every person accompanying a muzzleloader deer hunter shall wear blaze orange as specified above except when they are physically located in a tree stand or other stationary hunting location.

Exceptions

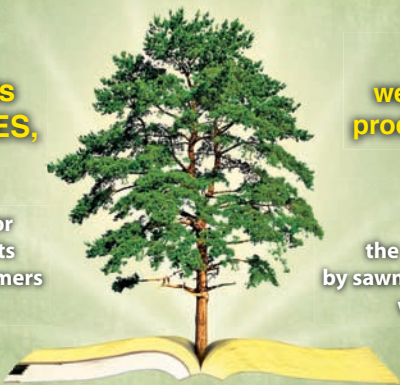
- Not required by waterfowl hunters, dove hunters, individuals participating in hunting dog field trials, and fox hunters on horseback without firearms.
- Not required of any hunters hunting during the muzzleloader deer seasons, other than muzzleloader deer hunters, as specified above.
- Not required of hunters hunting with archery tackle during an open firearms deer season, in areas where the discharge of firearms is prohibited by state law or local ordinance.

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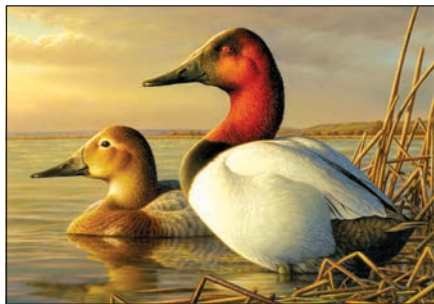


www.shopDGIF.com

Federal Electronic or “E-stamp” Duck Stamp Program

Virginia has been chosen to participate in the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service’s pilot online Federal Duck Stamp program known as electronic stamp or E-Stamp. (A Federal Duck Stamp is required for all persons 16 years and older in order to hunt waterfowl.) Waterfowl hunters can still purchase their Federal Duck Stamp at U.S. Post Offices, but this new program provides a convenient on-line option whereby hunters can obtain an E-stamp. The E-stamp is valid immediately following the purchase and for up to 45 days. The actual Federal Duck Stamp will be mailed to the customer within 45 days and must be carried thereafter while hunting waterfowl.

To obtain the E-stamp Federal Duck stamp go to the Department’s website (www.HuntFishVA.com/licenses/) and click on hunting and fishing licenses or visit one of over 800 license agents throughout the Commonwealth.



2014 Federal Duck Stamp artwork by Adam Grimm
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IT TAKES A HUNTER TO MAKE A HUNTER

Purchase an
Apprentice Hunting License or
Legacy Hunting License



Dwight Dyke

Where to Obtain a License

- ◆ **Online:** At www.HuntFishVA.com. Select the license(s) you want, pay with your VISA or MasterCard, and print your license(s) after you pay.
- ◆ **In Person:** Sold by some clerks of the Circuit Court and hundreds of license agents around the state.
- ◆ **By Phone:** 1-866-721-6911 during regular business hours.

License Fees

Issuance fee is included in the price.

Licenses are valid for one year from the date of purchase, except the bear, deer, turkey license (only valid July 1–June 30), the Virginia migratory waterfowl conservation stamp (only valid July 1–June 30), the apprentice hunting license (valid for 2 years from date of purchase), and lifetime licenses.

RESIDENT HUNTING LICENSES

Resident Sportsman's License

(age 16 and older)\$123.00

Includes hunting license, bear, deer, turkey license, archery license, muzzleloading license, freshwater fishing license, and trout license

Resident Hunting License (age 16 and older)

1-year license\$23.00

2-year license\$44.00

3-year license\$65.00

4-year license\$86.00

Resident County or City Hunting License

(age 16 and older)\$16.00

For county or city of residence only

Resident Apprentice Hunting

License\$11.00

Annual bear, deer, turkey license and all applicable licenses, stamps, or permits are required in addition to this license.

Valid for 2 years from date of purchase.

Resident Senior Citizen Hunting License

(age 65 and over)\$9.00

Annual bear, deer, turkey license and all applicable licenses, stamps or permits are required in addition to this license.

Resident Annual Hunting License for 70 Percent Partially Disabled

Veterans\$12.00

Resident veterans rated and certified by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs as having at least 70 percent service-connected

disability upon certification. Annual bear, deer, turkey license and all applicable licenses, stamps or permits are required in addition to this license. *Can be purchased in person at the Richmond office or via a mail-in application. Application available online.*

Resident Junior Hunting License\$8.50

(age 12 to 15; optional for under 12 years old)

Resident Youth Combination Hunting

License (age 12 to 15)\$16.00

Includes hunting license, bear, deer, turkey license, archery license, and muzzleloading license.

Resident Junior Lifetime Hunting License

(under age 12)\$255.00

No annual bear, deer, turkey license required until age 12. National Forest Stamp, State Forest Use Permit, and Bonus Deer Permits, if applicable, are required in addition to this license. Upon proof of completion of a hunter education course or equivalent, the license is transferable to a lifetime hunting license at no additional fee. *Available through the Richmond office or by mail.*

Resident Legacy Hunting License ..\$125.00

Must be purchased before age 2. *Available through the Richmond office or by mail.*

Resident Lifetime Hunting License

Annual bear, deer, turkey license and all applicable licenses, stamps, or permits are required in addition to this license. *Available through the Richmond office or by mail.*

Age 12-44.....\$260.00

(hunter education course required under age 16)

Age 45-50.....\$210.00

Age 51-55.....\$160.00

Age 56-60.....\$110.00

Age 61-64.....\$60.00

Age 65 and over.....\$20.00

Totally and Permanently Disabled Resident Special Hunting Lifetime License\$15.00
Annual bear, deer, turkey license and all applicable licenses, stamps, or permits are required in addition to this license. *Can be obtained in person at the Richmond office or via a mail-in application. Application available online.*

Service-Connected Totally and Permanently Disabled Veteran Resident Lifetime Hunting Licenseno charge
For qualified resident disabled veterans. Includes hunting license, bear, deer, turkey license, archery license, and muzzleloading license. All other applicable licenses, stamps, or permits are required in addition to this license. *Can be obtained in person at the Richmond office or via a mail-in application. Application available online.*

Access Permit

- Any person, 17 years of age or older, accessing a Wildlife Management Area or DGIF fishing lake must have in possession a valid hunting, freshwater fishing, or trapping license; current boat registration; or access permit.
- The access permit requirement does not apply to Department-owned boat ramps or segments of the Appalachian Trail on Department-owned land.
- The permit fee is \$4 for a daily permit or \$23 for an annual permit. The access permit may be purchased online or at any license agent.
- Daily group rates are available. For more information go to www.HuntFishVA.com/access-permit/.

NONRESIDENT HUNTING LICENSES

Nonresident Hunting License
(age 16 and older) \$111.00

Nonresident 3-Day Trip License
(age 16 and older) \$60.00
Must be 3 consecutive days including Sundays where Sunday hunting is allowed.

Nonresident Apprentice Hunting License \$21.00
Annual bear, deer, turkey license and all applicable licenses, stamps, or permits may be required in addition to this license.
Valid for 2 years from date of purchase.

Nonresident Annual Hunting License for 70 Percent Partially Disabled Veterans\$56.00
Nonresident veterans rated and certified by the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs as having at least 70 percent service-connected disability. Annual bear, deer, turkey license and all applicable licenses, stamps or permits are required in addition to this license. *Can be purchased in person at the Richmond office or via a mail-in application. Application available online.*

Service-Connected Totally and Permanently Disabled Nonresident Veteran Annual Hunting License \$28.50
For qualified resident disabled veterans. Includes hunting license, bear, deer, turkey license, archery license, and muzzleloading license. All other applicable licenses, stamps, or permits are required in addition to this license. *Can be obtained in person at the Richmond office or via a mail-in application. Application available online.*

Nonresident Youth Hunting License
(under age 12) \$13.00

Nonresident Youth Hunting License
(age 12 to 15) \$16.00

Nonresident Youth Combination

Hunting License (*under age 16*) \$31.00
Includes hunting license, bear, deer, turkey license, archery license, and muzzleloading license.

Nonresident Legacy Hunting

License \$250.00
Must be purchased before age 2. *Available through the Richmond office or by mail.*

Nonresident Lifetime Hunting

License \$555.00
Annual bear, deer, turkey license and all applicable licenses, stamps or permits are required in addition to this license. *Available through the Richmond office or by mail.*

MISCELLANEOUS LICENSES, PERMITS, AND STAMPS

One or more of the following may be required in addition to a resident or nonresident hunting license.

Licenses:

Stationary Blind \$23.50

When purchasing a stationary blind license, you must provide GPS coordinates along with a description of where the blind is located. These coordinates are needed to help evaluate whether blinds are within the required distances, and they will help in future improvements of the blind licensing process. Coordinates should be reported as latitude and longitude and can be entered in one of three formats: 1.) Degrees, minutes, seconds (35° 45' 52"), 2.) Degrees and decimal minutes (35° 45.87'), or 3.) decimal degrees (35.76°).

Floating Blind \$41.00

Offshore Blind Stake \$6.00
(limit 4 per licensee)

All blind licenses are available through the Department's point of sale system. Hunters have the option of requesting a blind plate

be sent to them if they do not have one. The blind plate, if requested, and a decal for the plate will be mailed within 3 to 5 business days. Hunters who purchase a blind license online will be able to print out a copy of their application information. A license for their blind will be emailed immediately after the sale is complete.

Hunting (Shooting) Preserve \$23.00

To hunt within the boundaries of a licensed shooting preserve, in lieu of other required licenses.

Permits:

National Forest Permit \$4.00

To hunt and trap within National Forest. Not required of residents under the age of 16 to trap; residents who have an annual senior citizen hunting license (\$9.00) or a lifetime license issued before 7/1/88.

Virginia State Forest Use Permit

(*age 16 or older*) \$16.00

Allows hunting, trapping, fishing, mountain biking, and horse riding. No motorized vehicles on gated roads/trails (open or closed). Sold in cooperation with the Virginia Department of Forestry.

Access Permit \$4.00 per day or \$23.00 per year. See page 9 for more information.

Stamps:

Federal Migratory Bird Stamp \$17.00

To take migratory waterfowl, required of person 16 years of age and over in addition to hunting license and sold at U.S. Post Offices or online at www.HuntFishVA.com/licenses/
Valid July 1–June 30.

Virginia Migratory Waterfowl

Conservation Stamp \$10.00

Required of persons 16 years of age and older, unless license exempt. Sold through the point of sale system or online.

Valid July 1–June 30.

Dove

First Segment: September 1–October 31

Hours: September 1–5

12:00 noon until sunset.

September 6–October 31

One-half hour before sunrise until sunset.



Mourning Dove, ©Spike Knuth

Second Segment: November 22–30

Third Segment: December 27–January 15

Hours: One-half hour before sunrise until sunset.

Bag Limit: 15 per day, 45 in possession. Composed of mourning doves and white-winged doves, singly or in combination.

Dove Hunting On Wildlife Management Areas

Dove hunting is permitted within the boundaries of the following wildlife management areas: Amelia, Briery Creek, Cavalier, Chickahominy, Clinch Mountain, Crooked Creek, Dick Cross, Fairystone, Featherfin, Gathright, Goshen, Hardware River, Highland, Hog Island (Carlisle Tract only), Horsepen, James River, Little North Mountain, Mattaponi, Pettigrew, C.F. Phelps, Powhatan, Rapidan, Thompson and White Oak Mountain.

First Segment: September 1–October 31

Hours: September 1–5

12:00 noon until sunset.

Hunting permitted on Labor Day and Wednesday only.

September 6–October 31

One-half hour before sunrise until sunset.

Hunting permitted on Wednesdays and Saturdays only.

Second Segment: November 22–30

Third Segment: December 27–January 15

Hours: One-half hour before sunrise until sunset.

Hunting permitted daily except Sundays.

Bag Limit: 15 per day, 45 in possession. Composed of mourning doves and white-winged doves, singly or in combination.

Migratory Game Bird Hunters – Get HIP!

All hunters (whether licensed or exempt from being licensed) who plan to hunt doves, waterfowl, rails, woodcock, snipe, coots, gallinules, or moorhens in Virginia must be registered with the Virginia Harvest Information Program (HIP). HIP is required each year and a NEW REGISTRATION NUMBER is needed for the 2014–2015 hunting season.

To obtain a new number, migratory game bird hunters can register online at www.HuntFishVA.com or call 1-888-788-9772.

September Canada Goose

Season: September 1–September 25

Hunt Zone: Statewide

Hours:

East of I-95

September 1–16: One-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset.

September 17–25: One-half hour before sunrise to sunset.

West of I-95

September 1–21: One-half hour before sunrise to one-half hour after sunset.

September 22–25: One-half hour before sunrise to sunset.

Bag Limit: 10 per day, 30 in possession.

September Canada goose hunting is not permitted within the boundaries of the Amelia and Dick Cross Wildlife Management Areas.

Special Requirements: In addition to a HIP registration number, a federal migratory duck stamp and a Virginia Migratory Waterfowl Conservation Stamp (unless license exempt) are also required to hunt geese during this season.

Note: Electronic calls and unplugged shotguns are not allowed for hunting Canada geese.



Canada goose

September Teal

Season: September 17–30

Hunt Zone: East of I-95

Season: September 22–September 30

Hunt Zone: West of I-95

Hours: One-half hour before sunrise until sunset.

Bag Limit: 6 per day, 18 in possession.*

(any combination of blue-winged and green-winged teal)



Green-winged teal, ©Spike Knuth

***Note:** Hunters are cautioned to **positively identify** their ducks before shooting, since other species, such as wood ducks, may be in the area.

Special Requirements: In addition to a HIP registration number, a federal migratory duck stamp and a Virginia Migratory Waterfowl Conservation Stamp (unless license exempt) are also required to hunt teal during this season.

Rails

Season: September 8–November 16

Hours: One-half hour before sunrise until sunset.

Bag Limit: Clapper/King 15—counted together daily,
45 in possession.

Sora/Virginia 25—counted together daily,
75 in possession.



Sora rail, ©Spike Knuth

Attention Rail and Snipe Hunters

Virginia requires the use of non-toxic shot for hunting rails and snipe. Non-toxic shot is required for hunting all waterfowl, mergansers, coots, rails, snipe, moorhens, and gallinules.

Snipe

Season: October 10–October 13
October 21–January 31

Hours: One-half hour before sunrise until sunset.

Bag Limit: 8 per day, 24 in possession.



Common snipe, ©Spike Knuth

Gallinule and Moorhen

Season: September 8–November 16

Hours: One-half hour before sunrise until sunset.

Bag Limit: 15 per day, 45 in possession.
(singly or in combination)



Common moorhen, ©Spike Knuth



Woodcock, ©Spike Knuth

Woodcock

Season: November 24–December 6
December 15–January 15

Hours: One-half hour before sunrise until sunset.

Bag Limit: 3 per day, 9 in possession.

What Terms Do I Need to Understand?

Migratory birds are birds protected by federal law as a result of treaties signed with other countries. Protected migratory birds are listed in Title 50 Code of Federal Regulations, Section. 10.13. This list includes almost all birds found in the United States with the exception of the house sparrow, feral pigeon (commonly called rock dove), European starling, Eurasian collared-dove, mute swan, and upland game birds (which are protected by state laws).

All migratory birds are protected. However, a subset of migratory birds classified as migratory game birds may be hunted in accordance with state and federal regulations. The list of migratory game birds includes species of ducks, geese (including brant), swans, mergansers, doves, rails, coots, gallinules and moorhens, woodcock, and snipe.

Daily bag limit means the maximum number of migratory game birds of a single species or combination (aggregate) of species permitted to be taken by one person in any one day during the open season in any one specified geographic area for which a daily bag limit is prescribed.

Aggregate daily bag limit means the maximum number of migratory game birds permitted to be taken by one person in any one day during the open season when such person hunts in more than one specified geographic area and/or for more than one species for which a combined daily bag limit is prescribed. The aggregate daily bag limit is equal to, but shall not exceed, the largest daily bag limit prescribed for any one species or for any one specified geographic area in which taking occurs.

Possession limit means the maximum number of migratory game birds of a single species or a combination of species permitted to be possessed by any one person when lawfully taken in the United States in any one specified geographic area for which a possession limit is prescribed.

Aggregate possession limit means the maximum number of migratory game birds of a single species or combination of species taken in the United States permitted to be possessed by any one person when taking and possession occurs in more than one specified geographic area for which a possession limit is prescribed. The aggregate possession limit is equal to, but shall not exceed, the largest possession limit prescribed for any one of the species or specified geographic areas in which taking and possession occurs.

Personal abode means one's principal or ordinary home or dwelling place, as distinguished from one's temporary or transient place of



Clapper Rail, ©Spike Knuth

abode or dwelling such as a hunting club, or any club house, cabin, tent or trailer house used as a hunting club, or any hotel, motel, or rooming house used during a hunting, pleasure, or business trip.

Migratory bird preservation facility means:

1. Any person who, at their residence or place of business and for hire or other consideration; or
2. Any taxidermist, cold-storage facility or locker plant which, for hire or other consideration; or
3. Any hunting club which, in the normal course of operations, receives, possesses, or has in custody any migratory game birds belonging to another person for purposes of picking, cleaning, freezing, processing, storage, or shipment.

Normal agricultural planting, harvesting, or post-harvest manipulation means a planting or harvesting undertaken for the purpose of producing and gathering a crop, or manipulation after such harvest and removal of grain, that is conducted in accordance with official recommendations of State Extension Specialists of the Cooperative Extension Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Normal agricultural operation means a normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation, or agricultural practice that is conducted in accordance with official recommendations of state Extension Specialists of the Cooperative Extension Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Normal soil stabilization practice means a planting for agricultural soil erosion control or post-mining land reclamation conducted in accordance with official recommendations of state Extension Specialists of the Cooperative Extension Service of the U.S. Department of Agriculture for agricultural soil erosion control.

Baited area means any area on which salt, grain, or other feed has been placed, exposed, deposited, distributed, or scattered, if that salt, grain, or other feed could serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on, or over areas where hunters are attempting to take them. Any such area will remain a baited area for ten days following the complete removal of all such salt, grain, or other feed.

Baiting means the direct or indirect placing, exposing, depositing, distributing, or scattering of salt, grain, or other feed that could serve as a lure or attraction for migratory game birds to, on, or over any areas where hunters are attempting to take them.

Manipulation means the alteration of natural vegetation or agricultural crops by activities that include but are not limited to mowing, shredding, discing, rolling, chopping, trampling, flattening, burning, or herbicide treatments. The term manipulation does not include the distributing or scattering of grain, seed, or other feed after removal from or storage on the field where grown.

Natural vegetation means any non-agricultural, native, or naturalized plant species that grows at a site in response to planting or from existing seeds or other propagules. The term natural vegetation does not include planted millet. However, planted millet that grows on its own in subsequent years after the year of planting is considered natural vegetation.

Report Wildlife Violations

1-800-237-5712

or e-mail: wildcrime@dgif.virginia.gov

Lawful Hunting Methods

It is legal to take migratory game birds including waterfowl and coots on or over the following lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas:

- Standing crops or flooded standing crops (including aquatics);
- Standing, flooded, or manipulated natural vegetation; flooded harvested croplands; or lands or areas where seeds or grains have been scattered solely as the result of a normal agricultural planting, harvesting, post-harvest manipulation, or normal soil stabilization practice;
- From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with natural vegetation;
- From a blind or other place of concealment camouflaged with vegetation from agricultural crops, as long as such camouflaging does not result in the exposing, depositing, distributing, or scattering of grain or other feed; or
- Standing or flooded standing agricultural crops where grain is inadvertently scattered solely as a result of a hunter entering or exiting a hunting area, placing decoys, or retrieving downed birds.

It is **legal** to take migratory game birds, **except waterfowl and coots**, on or over lands or areas that are not otherwise baited areas, and where grain or other feed has been distributed or scattered solely as the result of manipulation of an agricultural crop or other feed on the land where grown, or solely as the result of a normal agricultural operation.

Wanton waste of migratory game birds:

No person shall kill or cripple any migratory game bird without making a reasonable

effort to retrieve the bird, and retain it in his actual custody, at the place where taken or between that place and either (a) his automobile or principal means of land transportation; or (b) his personal abode or temporary or transient place of lodging; or (c) a migratory bird preservation facility; or (d) a post office; or (e) a common carrier facility.

Non-toxic Shot: No person may take ducks, geese (including brant), swans, coots, mergansers, moorhens, gallinules, rails or snipe while possessing shot (either in shot-shells or as loose shot for muzzleloading) other than approved non-toxic shot. For a list of approved non-toxic shot, see page 5 or www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdissues/nontoxic.htm.

Opening Day of a Season: No person on the opening day of the season shall possess any freshly killed migratory game birds in excess of the daily bag limit, or aggregate daily bag limit, whichever applies.

Field Possession Limit: No person shall possess, have in custody, or transport more than the daily bag limit or aggregate daily bag limit, whichever applies, of migratory game birds, tagged or not tagged, at or between the place where taken and either (a) his automobile or principal means of land transportation; or (b) his personal abode or temporary or transient place of lodging; or (c) a migratory bird preservation facility; or (d) a post office; or (e) a common carrier facility.

Tagging requirement: No person shall put or leave any migratory game birds at any place (other than at his personal abode), or in the custody of another person for picking, cleaning, processing, shipping, transportation, or storage (including temporary storage), or for the purpose of having taxidermy services performed, unless such birds have a tag attached, signed by the hunter, stating his address, the total number and species of

birds, and the date such birds were killed. Migratory game birds being transported in any vehicle as the personal baggage of the possessor shall not be considered as being in storage or temporary storage.

Custody of birds of another: No person shall receive or have in custody any migratory game birds belonging to another person unless such birds are properly tagged.

Termination of possession: Subject to all other requirements of this part, the possession of birds taken by any hunter shall be deemed to have ceased when such birds have been delivered by him to another person as a gift; or have been delivered by him to a post office, a common carrier, or a migratory bird preservation facility and consigned for transport by the Postal Service or a common carrier to some person other than the hunter.

Gift of migratory game birds: No person may receive, possess, or give to another, any freshly killed migratory game birds as a gift, except at the personal abodes of the donor or donee, unless such birds have a tag attached, signed by the hunter who took the birds, stating such hunter's address, the total number and species of birds and the date such birds were taken.

Transportation of birds of another: No person shall transport migratory game birds belonging to another person unless such birds are properly tagged.

Species identification requirement: No person shall transport within the United States any migratory game birds, except doves and band-tailed pigeons, unless the head or one fully feathered wing remains attached to each such bird at all times while being transported from the place where taken

until they have arrived at the personal abode of the possessor or a migratory bird preservation facility.

Marking package or container: No person shall transport by the Postal Service or a common carrier migratory game birds unless the package or container in which such birds are transported has the name and address of the shipper and the consignee and an accurate statement of the numbers of each species of birds therein contained clearly and conspicuously marked on the outside thereof.

More restrictive regulations may apply to National Wildlife Refuges opened to public hunting. For additional information on refuge specific regulations see www.fws.gov/refuges/.



Mourning Dove, ©Spike Knuth

Unlawful Hunting Methods

- Hunt or kill any wild bird or wild animal, including any nuisance species, with a gun, firearm, or other weapon, or to hunt or kill any deer or bear with a gun, firearm, or other weapon with the aid or assistance of dogs, on Sundays. **Exceptions to Sunday hunting prohibition:**
 1. Raccoons may be hunted until 2:00 a.m. on Sunday mornings.
 2. Waterfowl may be hunted on Sundays subject to geographical limitations established by the Director and except within 200 yards of a place of worship or any accessory structure thereof.
 3. Any landowner or member of his family or any person with written permission from the landowner may hunt or kill any wild bird or wild animal, including any nuisance species, on the landowner's property on Sunday, except within 200 yards of a place of worship or any accessory structure thereof.
 4. Hunting is permitted on licensed shooting preserves.

No persons shall take migratory game birds:

- With a trap, snare, net, rifle, pistol, swivel gun, shotgun larger than 10 gauge, punt gun, battery gun, machine gun, fish hook, poison, drug, explosive, or stupefying substance;
- With a shotgun of any description capable of holding more than three shells, unless it is plugged with a one-piece filler, incapable of removal without disassembling the gun, so its total capacity does not exceed three shells. This restriction does not apply to crows and during dates states have selected under the Conservation Order for light geese (i.e., greater and lesser snow and Ross's geese);
- From or by means, aid, or use of a sinkbox or any other type of low floating device, having a depression affording the hunter

a means of concealment beneath the surface of the water;

- From or by means, aid, or use of any motor vehicle, motor-driven land conveyance, or aircraft of any kind, except that paraplegics and persons missing one or both legs may take from any stationary motor vehicle or stationary motor-driven land conveyance;
- From or by means of any motorboat or other craft having a motor attached, or any sailboat, unless the motor has been completely shut off and/or the sails furled, and its progress therefrom has ceased;
- By the use or aid of live birds as decoys; although not limited to, it shall be a violation of this paragraph for any person to take migratory waterfowl on an area where tame or captive live ducks or geese are present unless such birds are and have been for a period of 10 consecutive days prior to such taking, confined within an enclosure which substantially reduces the audibility of their calls and totally conceals such birds from the sight of wild migratory waterfowl;
- By the use or aid of recorded or electrically amplified bird calls or sounds, or recorded or electrically amplified imitations of bird calls or sounds. This restriction does not apply to crows or during dates states have selected under the Conservation Order for light geese (i.e., greater and lesser snow and Ross's geese);
- By means or aid of any motor-driven land, water, or air conveyance, or any sailboat used for the purpose of or resulting in the concentrating, driving, rallying, or stirring up of any migratory bird;
- By the aid of baiting, or on or over any baited area, where a person knows or reasonably should know that the area is or has been baited.

Waterfowl Blind Laws

General: The laws governing the licensing and location of waterfowl blinds are included in the Code of Virginia, promulgated by the General Assembly. These are implemented by regulations adopted by the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries.

Blinds Generally: Blinds located west of I-95 are not subject to these laws and regulations, nor do they apply to blinds located in

Accomack and Northampton counties. No new blind licenses will be issued for additional stationary blinds in the City of Virginia Beach. Floating blinds may not anchor within 500 yards of any licensed stationary blind.

Stationary Blind: Is a structure erected at a fixed location either on the shores of the public waters or in the public waters for the purpose of hunting and shooting waterfowl. A stationary blind shall be (1) of such size and

When Blind Licenses Are Sold:

Riparian landowners or their lessees or permittees licensing a stationary blind that was not licensed the previous year by the riparian owner, lessee, or permittee may purchase a stationary blind license from February 1 through June 15. A stake or a stationary blind shall be erected on the site, and a license plate supplied with the license for that season shall be affixed thereto, by June 30. If a stake has been erected on the site of a stationary blind, such stake shall be replaced by a blind by November 1.

Riparian owners or their lessees or permittees licensing a stationary blind that was licensed the previous year by the riparian owner, lessee, or permittee may purchase a stationary blind license from February 1 through August 15. A stake or a stationary blind shall be erected on the site, and a license plate supplied with the license for that season shall be affixed thereto, by August 31. If a stake has been erected on the site of a stationary blind, such stake shall be replaced by a blind by November 1.

A nonriparian license for a stationary blind in the public waters that was licensed the previous year as a nonriparian stationary blind may be obtained by the previous year's licensee beginning July 1 through August 15. A stake or blind shall be erected on the site, and a license plate supplied with the license for that season shall be affixed thereto, by August 31. If a stake has been erected on the site of a stationary blind, such stake shall be replaced by a blind by November 1.

A stationary blind or a site in the public waters that is not licensed and posted by August 31 can be licensed as a nonriparian blind beginning September 1 through October 15. A stake or blind shall be erected on the site, and a license plate supplied with the license for that season must be affixed thereto. If a stake has been erected on the site of a stationary blind, such stake must be replaced by a blind by November 1.

Floating Blind licenses: on or after July 1.

Offshore Blind Stake Site license for nonriparian owner who has not already licensed and erected a stationary blind in counties where floating blinds are prohibited: November 1–10.

Offshore Blind Stake Site license for riparian owner who has already licensed and erected a stationary blind in counties where floating blinds are prohibited: November 11–15.

strength that it can be occupied by and conceal one or more hunters, or (2) large enough to accommodate and conceal a boat or skiff from which one or more hunters intend to hunt or shoot waterfowl.

Floating Blind: Is a floating device, whether in motion or anchored, that can be occupied by and conceal one or more hunters, uses a means of concealment other than the device's paint or coloration, and is used in the public waters for the purpose of hunting and shooting waterfowl.

Offshore Blind Stake Site: Is a specific location in the public waters where a stake is licensed for the purpose of hunting and shooting waterfowl from a licensed floating blind. Valid only in the counties of Caroline, King George, Essex, Westmoreland, and Richmond.

Waterfowl Blind License: Stationary, floating blind, and offshore blind stake licenses are available during the time periods listed below from any license agent through the Department's point of sale system, or online on our website (www.HuntFishVA.com). Hunters have the option of requesting a blind plate be sent to them if they do not have one. The blind plate, if requested, and a decal for the plate will be mailed within 3 to 5 business days. Hunters who purchase a blind license online will be able to print out a copy of their application information. A license for their blind will be emailed immediately after the sale is complete. The license

plate furnished must be affixed to the blind at a location where it can be easily seen.

Spacing of Blinds Generally: Except for adjacent landowners, licensed stationary blinds may be placed no closer than 500 yards to each other, except they may be placed closer together with the mutual consent of the licensees involved. Except for county exceptions, listed on page 22, floating blinds may be positioned no closer than 500 yards to any licensed stationary blind, whether it is occupied or not, without consent of the owner of the neighboring blind.

Rights of Riparian Landowner: The owners of riparian rights or their invitees shall not be required to obtain a stationary blind license when hunting waterfowl from such a blind located on the riparian owner's property. However, a stationary blind license shall be required in order to afford the riparian owners the protections provided by Virginia law. The owner of riparian rights, his lessee or permittee has exclusive privileges of licensing blinds on his shoreline and prior rights of licensing and erecting blinds in the public waters in front of such shoreline. These blinds shall not be located in water deeper than eight feet at mean high tide, nor shall they be farther than halfway across the body of water from the riparian owner's shoreline, except on the shores and waters of Back Bay in the City of Virginia Beach where such blinds are limited to (i) the riparian owner's shoreline at the mean low water mark or (ii) blinds erected and licensed by the riparian owner in 2011. No other blind may be located within 500 yards of this stake or blind without consent of the owner, permittee, or lessee. The stake must be replaced by an erected stationary blind as specified by Code by November 1 to be a licensed blind under the law. Where the lands of two property owners adjoin, each may place blinds on his property or in the



©Dwight Dyke

public waters in front of his property without regard to the placement of blinds on his neighbor's property.

Rights of Nonriparian Owner: Although the law states that a riparian owner who does not license a blind on his shore by August 31 forfeits the privilege for that season, it does not mean a nonriparian owner can erect or license a blind on the property of another without permission. If a landowner has not licensed a stake or a blind by August 31, a nonriparian owner may license a location in the public waters in front of such land, providing no other location within 500 yards has been so licensed. Such blind shall not be located in a marked navigation channel. A nonriparian license for a blind that was licensed the previous year as a nonriparian blind can be purchased from July 1 through August 15, and a plate with current decal must be affixed to a stake or blind by August 31. A nonriparian license for a blind or blind site not previously licensed the year before can be purchased from September 1 through October 15, and a plate and current decal must be affixed to it by November 1.

Of course, if a location is secured through agreement with a riparian landowner having control of the near shoreline, the site may be licensed as applies to a permittee or lessee of a landowner. A nonriparian owner, having licensed a blind in a given location, has first option to license such blind each year unless the riparian landowner having claim to that location exercises his right to license it.

Riparian Owner's Rights Renewed

Annually: If a riparian owner fails to exercise his options, he may elect to do so the following year, thus preempting any rights of nonriparian owners who have erected blinds in the public waters in front of his shoreline.

Penalty for Violations: Any person who hunts or shoots migratory waterfowl in the

public waters of this Commonwealth from a boat, float, raft or other buoyant craft or device within 500 yards of any legally licensed erected stationary blind of another without the consent of the licensee shall be guilty of a criminal offense that is punishable as a Class 2 misdemeanor. This provision shall not apply to any person when in active pursuit of a visible crippled waterfowl which was legally shot by the person.

Additionally, any person who erects a stationary blind within 500 yards of another licensed blind without permission of the licensee is guilty of a trespass, and the owner of the blind so encroached upon may maintain an action for damages. It should be noted that this is a criminal offense. It should also be noted that by November 1 a stationary blind must be erected; therefore, a stake with a stationary license affixed thereto cannot be considered to be a stationary blind after November 1.

Loss of Blind License: The violation of any of the provisions of law or regulations as to hunting migratory waterfowl from licensed blinds shall constitute a Class 2 misdemeanor and, in addition to other authorized penalties, the trial court shall immediately revoke the license of the blind owner who will have the same privileges as a new applicant to apply for a blind license the following year. Any blind for which the license has been revoked shall be destroyed by the former licensee.

Accidental Destruction of Blind: If a blind is destroyed in any manner beyond the control of the owner, it may be replaced within 30 days without losing the position it formerly occupied.

Number of Stationary Blinds Permitted: Clubs or individuals who do not own riparian rights shall be permitted to license no more than two stationary blinds in the public waters in any one season.

Floating Blinds, Where Prohibited: The use of floating blinds is prohibited in the counties of Caroline, King George, Essex, Westmoreland, and Richmond in any of the public marshes, guts, streams, branches, creeks, or bays, including among others, Green Bay and Port Tobago Bay, flowing into the Rappahannock River or in any of its tributaries, or in Buckner's Creek, Nomini Creek and Nomini Bay, flowing into the Potomac River or any of its tributaries, **except from a licensed Offshore Blind Stake Site. (See below for details.)**

Offshore Blind Stake Sites: Offshore blind stakes shall be removed from the public waters within 15 days of the close of the waterfowl season.

Nonriparian Owner:

A nonriparian owner who has not already licensed and erected a stationary blind for the year in the 5-county area identified above and who holds a valid hunting license, may apply for a license for offshore blind stake sites. The license for an offshore blind stake site may be obtained from November 1 through November 10 of each year. Up to 4 offshore blind stake site licenses may be purchased per licensee. Once obtained, a stake shall be erected on the site and a license plate supplied with the license for that season shall be affixed thereto by November 10.

Riparian Owner:

From November 11 through November 15 of each year, any riparian owner and any other person who has already licensed and erected a stationary blind for the year in the areas noted above, and who holds a valid hunting license, may apply for a license for any remaining offshore blind stake sites. Up to 4 offshore blind stake site licenses may be purchased per licensee. Once obtained, a stake shall be erected on the site, and a license plate supplied with the license for

that season shall be affixed thereto by November 15.

Placement of Blinds in Fairfax, Prince William, and Stafford Counties: No stationary blind shall be more than 300 yards from shore, except in waters less than 600 yards wide, in which case the blind may be no more than half the width of the water from shore. This distance is measured from the low water mark.

No license shall be issued for stationary waterfowl blinds on the Potomac River in Fairfax County adjacent to National Park Service lands in the Great Hunting Creek and Dyke Marsh areas.

Floating Blinds in Fairfax, Prince William, and Stafford Counties: Floating blinds must be anchored and located no closer to another's blind than 400 yards unless person has written permission of blind owner. Such blinds must be taken in at a half hour after sunset.

In the area adjacent to the National Park Service lands in the Great Hunting Creek and Dyke Marsh areas floating blinds must be attached to a Game Department-placed post or buoy. Only one floating blind per post. These are on a first-come, first-served basis; sites to be occupied no earlier than 4:00 A.M. or later than one-half hour after sunset, and blinds removed each day. Hunters in licensed floating blinds can hunt from designated locations during legal shooting hours on Thanksgiving Day and on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Fridays during the open season.

Placement of Blinds Adjacent to Certain Wildlife Management Areas: No stationary blinds shall be licensed in the waters adjacent to the Chickahominy Wildlife Management Area (WMA) in Charles City County, the Game Farm Marsh WMA in New Kent County, and the Ragged Island WMA in Isle of Wight County.

Occupied or Unoccupied Blinds: No person shall hunt or shoot migratory waterfowl in the public waters of this Commonwealth from a boat, float, raft or other buoyant craft or device within 500 yards of any legally licensed erected stationary blind of another, whether occupied or not, without the consent of the licensee, except when in active pursuit of a visible crippled waterfowl which was legally shot by the person.

Crippled Waterfowl: When in active pursuit of a visible waterfowl which was legally shot, the hunter may pursue such waterfowl without regard to the 500 yard prohibition protecting licensed waterfowl blinds.

Jump Shooting from Boats: Permitted where appropriate landowner permission has been secured or where generally permitted on public waters. Consult with the local Conservation Police Officer to learn local restrictions. Not permitted within 500 yards of a licensed stationary blind, except with consent of blind owner. If a boat is used for jump shooting and is modified for the

purpose of concealing the hunter, it is a floating blind and must be licensed as such. Jump shooting is not permitted from a boat having a motor attached or any sailboat unless the motor has been completely shut off and/or the sails furled and its progress therefrom has ceased.

Abandoned Blinds: Those licensing stationary blinds in the public waters shall remove same when licenses are allowed to expire or when they no longer intend to use them, whichever comes first.

Waterfowl Blind Cleanup: Hunters are asked to remove unnatural materials, such as netting, camouflage cloth, wire, or twine from stationary blinds after the waterfowl hunting season. Birds such as ospreys, eagles, and owls often use blind structures for perching and/or nesting. Such materials, if left after the hunting season, can cause injury and even death to these birds if they become entangled in the material.

Sportsmen: Boat Smart, Wear Your Life Jacket

Wearing a life jacket may save your life. It is estimated that 80 percent of boating-related drownings could have been prevented had the victim been wearing a life jacket.

The newest type of life jacket, the manual or automatic inflatable, is lightweight and comfortable. They are versatile enough to be worn at any time of the year, and fit easily over a hunting coat or sweater.

Safety Tips:

- Check the weather before leaving.
- Wear a life jacket or float coat.
- Remain seated and keep weight evenly distributed.
- Anchor from the bow, never from the stern.
- Properly load your boat.
- Stay with your boat if it should capsize.
- Dress for the water temperature—guard against hypothermia.
- Leave the alcohol at home.

For more information, contact Boating Education at: BoatSafety@dgif.virginia.gov.

Areas Closed to Waterfowl Hunting

The discharge of firearms is prohibited within 750 yards of a wildlife sanctuary in any city in Virginia.

Taking, attempting to take, pursuing, or disturbing waterfowl is prohibited in the following areas:

- ◆ In Virginia Beach on the waters and from the shores of Crystal Lake, Linkhorn and Broad Bay, and Long Creek and their tributaries.
- ◆ Hog Island State Waterfowl Refuge in Surry County and all of the waters of the James River within a radius of 1,000 yards around that island, with the exception of blinds erected by the Department of Game and Inland Fisheries.
- ◆ The waters of the James River around Presquile National Wildlife Refuge (except for the Turkey Island Cutoff navigational channel) to the mean low water mark on the opposite shore.
- ◆ Gaston Reservoir (Roanoke River) from a point beginning at High Rock and extending to the John H. Kerr Dam.
- ◆ The public waters extending 1,000 yards out from the marked shoreline of the Lands End WMA on the Rappahannock River in King George County, with the exception that adjacent landowners may still exercise their riparian rights. Additional information, including a map of this area, can be found on our VDGIF website at www.dgif.virginia.gov/wmas/.
- ◆ The waters of the Great Hunting Creek embayment within the City of Alexandria, and the waters of the Potomac River in Fairfax County north of Dyke Marsh and south of the City of Alexandria and between the shore and a line 1,000 feet from the Maryland State Line, although waterfowl that have been wounded elsewhere may be pursued into this area.
- ◆ The waters of Kane Creek Waterfowl Refuge within the boundaries of Mason Neck State Park in Fairfax County.
- ◆ The waters of the Potomac River in Fairfax County adjacent to the Mason Neck National Wildlife Refuge extending from Sycamore Point northeasterly to Hallowing Point including all tributary creeks, guts, and inlets along the shoreline.
- ◆ The portion of the New River that lies entirely within the boundaries of the Radford Army Ammunition Plant in the counties of Montgomery and Pulaski.



Green-winged Teal, ©Spike Knuth

Attention Hunters: Migratory Bird Banding Projects

The Department captures and leg-bands a number of migratory game bird species, including ducks, geese, brant, swans, and doves as part of our annual monitoring programs. Analysis from the recoveries of leg-banded birds provides biologists with important information on bird distribution, harvest rates, and survival. Hunters recovering any banded migratory game bird can keep the band, but remember to report the recovery information by either calling the toll-free number 1-800-327-BAND (this number is also written on the band), or reporting it online at the USGS website, www.reportband.gov. After reporting the band you will receive a "Certificate of Appreciation" that includes information about where and when the bird was banded. For more information on the banding projects or other Department migratory bird programs, visit our website at www.HuntFishVA.com.

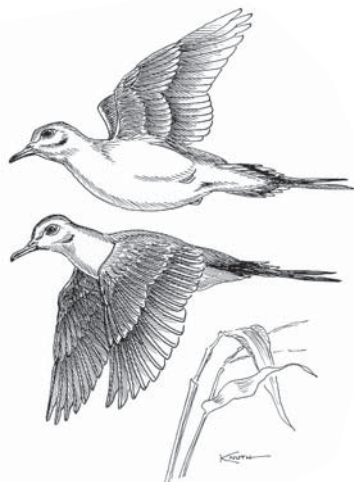


illustration ©Spike Knuth

Please help us help you manage migratory game birds in
Virginia by reporting banded birds.

1-800-327-BAND (2263) or
www.reportband.gov

This number is **ONLY** for reporting USFWS bands.
Private bands cannot be reported on this number.



Subscribe Free Online
www.HuntFishVA.com/subscribe

VIRGINIA MIGRATORY WATERFOWL CONSERVATION STAMP

The artwork for the 2014 Virginia State Migratory Waterfowl Conservation Stamp by Guy Crittenden features a pair of canvasback ducks gracefully gliding on autumn waters, and reminds the artist of his youth spent on the Ware River in Gloucester.

Guy grew up fishing and hunting on the Chesapeake Bay. He raised waterfowl on the riverbanks of the Ware, crabbied in the shallows along tidal sandbars, and



learned about wildlife and the ways of watermen from his grandfather. Guy began to draw and paint as a teenager and, of course, his favorite subject matter was the native wildlife and nature he experienced in his boundless backyard. All of those childhood experiences had a profound impact and influenced his art.

After college, Guy worked for several years for advertising agencies before opening Crittenden Studio, a digital photography and video production studio in Richmond, in the early 1990s. His photography, digital, and fine art have gained national recognition. Guy donates a substantial number of paintings and prints to charities each year. "My art is not only a way to share my experiences, but also a way to contribute to the conservation of natural resources for future generations. It is gratifying on several levels."

Guy has three times been named Virginia Ducks Unlimited Artist of the Year, and was the runner up for the 2004-2005 Ducks Unlimited International Artist of the Year. He has consistently placed in the top 10 at the Federal Duck Stamp Competition and is a four-time winner of the Virginia Waterfowl Stamp competition. You can view a collection of Guy's artwork at www.crittendenstudio.com; contact him at guy@crittendenstudio.com, or 804-357-6027.

* * * *

A Virginia Migratory Waterfowl Conservation Stamp is required of all persons, unless license exempt, 16 years of age and older hunting or taking any migratory waterfowl (ducks, geese, brant, and swans) within the commonwealth. The annual duck stamp can be purchased for a fee of \$10 (resident or nonresident) at license agents or clerks who sell Virginia hunting licenses, or from the Department's website.

Stamp collectors who would like the 2014 Virginia Migratory Waterfowl Conservation Collectors Stamp and/or print with artwork by Guy Crittenden can request it by sending an email to VAduckstamp@gmail.com.

Do You Use A Boat to Hunt?

Boating Safety Courses Are Required

Motorboat 10 hp or Greater

Age 45 or younger, July 1, 2014

Age 50 or younger, July 1, 2015

All ages by July 1, 2016

www.dgif.virginia.gov/boating/education/



Permission to Hunt

The person whose name and address appears on the opposite side of this form has promised to use your land for outdoor recreation in an ethical way. Please read the signed pledge on the reverse side for specifics.

In deciding whether or not to allow this person to use your property, please consider that he/she is putting his/her name and address on the line as assurance that they will abide by your wishes and conduct themselves as true sportsmen or sportswomen.

I grant _____
permission to _____ my property
on these dates _____
Landowner signature: _____ over

Permission to Hunt

The person whose name and address appears on the opposite side of this form has promised to use your land for outdoor recreation in an ethical way. Please read the signed pledge on the reverse side for specifics.

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permission to _____ my property
on these dates _____
Landowner signature: _____ over

Subscribe to Virginia Wildlife Magazine

\$12.95 for annual subscription

Name _____

Address _____

City _____ State _____ Zip _____

Make checks payable to the: *Treasurer of Virginia*

Send orders to: Virginia Wildlife

Department of Game and Inland Fisheries

P.O. Box 11104, Richmond, VA 23230

or

call 1-800-710-9369 and mention code **J14HF**

Hunter's Name _____
Address _____
City _____ St. _____ Zip _____
Phone _____ () _____
Auto License No. _____ Driver's License No. _____
I hereby absolve the landowner of all liability for my person while engaged in recreation on his property.

SPORTSMAN'S PLEDGE

In return for the privilege of using private property, I agree to:

1. Respect the landowner's property, only go where he designates and assume liability for my actions and my person while on this property.
2. Take every precaution against littering and fire.
3. Obey the game, fish, and other wildlife laws.
4. Observe all safety precautions and the traditions of good sportsmanship.

Hunter's Signature _____

Hunter's Name _____
Address _____
City _____ St. _____ Zip _____
Phone _____ () _____
Auto License No. _____ Driver's License No. _____
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4. Observe all safety precautions and the traditions of good sportsmanship.

Hunter's Signature _____

Sunrise and Sunset Timetable-Richmond, Virginia

Times below are Eastern Standard Time and reflect Daylight Saving Time when in use.

Days of the Month	Sept. 2014		Oct. 2014		Nov. 2014		Dec. 2014		Jan. 2015	
	Sunrise/	Sunset	Sunrise/	Sunset	Sunrise/	Sunset	Sunrise/	Sunset	Sunrise/	Sunset
	(a.m.)	(p.m.)	(a.m.)	(p.m.)	(a.m.)	(p.m.)	(a.m.)	(p.m.)	(a.m.)	(p.m.)
1	6:40	7:39	7:05	6:53	7:35	6:12	7:06	4:52	7:25	5:02
2	6:41	7:37	7:06	6:51	6:36	5:11	7:07	4:52	7:25	5:03
3	6:42	7:36	7:07	6:50	6:37	5:09	7:08	4:52	7:25	5:04
4	6:43	7:34	7:08	6:48	6:38	5:08	7:09	4:51	7:25	5:05
5	6:43	7:33	7:09	6:47	6:39	5:07	7:09	4:51	7:25	5:06
6	6:44	7:31	7:10	6:46	6:40	5:06	7:10	4:51	7:25	5:06
7	6:45	7:30	7:11	6:44	6:41	5:06	7:11	4:51	7:25	5:07
8	6:46	7:28	7:12	6:43	6:42	5:05	7:12	4:51	7:25	5:08
9	6:47	7:27	7:12	6:41	6:43	5:04	7:13	4:52	7:25	5:09
10	6:48	7:25	7:13	6:40	6:44	5:03	7:14	4:52	7:25	5:10
11	6:48	7:24	7:14	6:38	6:45	5:02	7:14	4:52	7:24	5:11
12	6:49	7:22	7:15	6:37	6:46	5:01	7:15	4:52	7:24	5:12
13	6:50	7:21	7:16	6:35	6:47	5:00	7:16	4:52	7:24	5:13
14	6:51	7:19	7:17	6:34	6:48	5:00	7:17	4:52	7:24	5:14
15	6:52	7:18	7:18	6:33	6:50	4:59	7:17	4:53	7:24	5:15
16	6:53	7:16	7:19	6:31	6:51	4:58	7:18	4:53	7:23	5:16
17	6:53	7:15	7:20	6:30	6:52	4:58	7:19	4:53	7:23	5:17
18	6:54	7:13	7:21	6:29	6:53	4:57	7:19	4:54	7:22	5:18
19	6:55	7:11	7:22	6:27	6:54	4:56	7:20	4:54	7:22	5:19
20	6:56	7:10	7:23	6:26	6:55	4:56	7:20	4:55	7:22	5:20
21	6:57	7:08	7:24	6:25	6:56	4:55	7:21	4:55	7:21	5:22
22	6:58	7:07	7:25	6:23	6:57	4:55	7:21	4:56	7:20	5:23
23	6:58	7:05	7:26	6:22	6:58	4:54	7:22	4:56	7:20	5:24
24	6:59	7:04	7:27	6:21	6:59	4:54	7:22	4:57	7:19	5:25
25	7:00	7:02	7:28	6:20	7:00	4:54	7:23	4:57	7:19	5:26
26	7:01	7:01	7:29	6:18	7:01	4:53	7:23	4:58	7:18	5:27
27	7:02	6:59	7:30	6:17	7:02	4:53	7:23	4:59	7:17	5:28
28	7:03	6:58	7:31	6:16	7:03	4:53	7:24	4:59	7:17	5:29
29	7:04	6:56	7:32	6:15	7:04	4:52	7:24	5:00	7:16	5:30
30	7:04	6:55	7:33	6:14	7:05	4:52	7:24	5:01	7:15	5:31
31			7:34	6:13			7:24	5:01	7:14	5:33

Apply corrections below to Richmond sunrise-sunset times to obtain official times at other Virginia locations.

Location	Correction	Location	Correction
Bristol	+19 minutes	Norfolk	-5 minutes
Cape Charles	-6 minutes	Norfolk	-5 minutes
Charlottesville	+4 minutes	Roanoke	+10 minutes
Chincoteague	-8 minutes	Tazewell	+16 minutes
Danville	+8 minutes	Williamsburg	-3 minutes
Fredericksburg	0 minutes	Winchester	+3 minutes

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